Multilingual Multicultural Education Department

3rd Grade STUDENT PROGRESS FORM 1.0 - CONSTRUCTIVE CONVERSATION STUDENT SAMPLE (SPF-CCLS)



Student A:	Overall ELPAC: (TLF 1b1)	Year:	Overall Progress Report Scores (EM EX BR) Collaborative:	Interpretive:	Productive:		
Student B:	Overall ELPAC:	Year:	Overall Progress Report Scores (EM EX BR) Collaborative:	Interpretive:	Productive:		
Conversation Objective (TLI	F 3a1):		Teacher Prompt (TLF 3b1 & 2):				
STEPS:	DIMENSION 1: Turns build on previous turns to build up an idea (TLF 3b2):						
	• 4 Half or more of the turns build on previous turns to effectively build up a clear and complete idea.						
1. Transcribe the language	• 3 Half or more of the turns build on previous turns to adequately build up an idea, which may be incomplete or lack clarity.						
sample below & list date.	• 2 Few turns build on previous turns to build up an idea.						
Write the score and a brief rationale for the	• 1 Turns are not used to build up an idea.						
scores on the back of this	DIMENSION 2: Turns focus on the knowledge or skills of the conversation objective/teacher prompt (TLF3a1 & 4):						
form.	• 4 Half or more of the turns effectively focus on the conversation objective/teacher prompt and show depth or fostering of the intended learning.						
3. Refer to the CA ELD	• 3 Half or more of the turns sufficiently focus on the conversation objective/teacher prompt, but this focus may be superficial or lack clarity.						
Standards and guiding guestions to develop	• 2 Few turns focus on the conversation objective/teacher prompt.						
instructional implications							
for each student.							

TEP 1—Write a complete transc	ption of the conversation in this section	(Attach additional pages if needed
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DATE:

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STEP 2—Score and Rationale (TLF 1b1): Provide a brief rationale for each dimension											
DIMENSION 1: Turns build on previous turns to build up an idea (TLF 3b2):											
Score: Ra	ore: Rationale:										
DIMENSION 2: Turns focus on the knowledge or skills of the conversation objective/teacher prompt (TLF3a1 & 4):											
Score: Rationale:											
STEP 3—Instruc	tional Implications	(TLF 1a2, 1b1, & 5a2): Refer to the CA ELD Sta	andards and list instructional implications	for each student							
Guiding Questions- Consider the language each student produced: What are the students able to do? At what proficiency level What instruction do the students need to progress to the next proficiency level? Which ELD											
Standards will I focus on to develop my future lessons? What prompts or models might I consider? Use language from the ELD Standard and refer to the ELD Frame of Practice when developing the instructional implications for											
each student.											
DIMENSION 1 ELD STANDARDS ALIGNMENT (TLF 3b2)											
A. COLLABORATIV	<u> </u>	EMERGING	EXPANDING	BRIDGING							
1. Exchanging informa		1. Contribute to conversations and express ideas by asking and	1.Contribute to class, group, and partner discussions,	1. Contribute to class, group, and partner discussions,							
	nging information/ideas	answering yes-no and wh- questions and responding using	including sustained dialogue, by following turn-taking	including sustained dialogue, by following turn-taking							
with others through ord		short phrases.	rules, asking relevant questions, affirming others, and	rules, asking relevant questions, affirming others,							
conversations on a rang	ge of social & academic		adding relevant information.	adding relevant information, building on responses,							
topics. SL.3.1,6; L.3.1,3,	6			and providing useful feedback .							
4. Adapting language	choices (TLG 3a4 & 3c1):	4. Recognize that language choices (e.g., vocabulary) vary	4. Adjust language choices (e.g., vocabulary, use of	4. Adjust language choices according to purpose (e.g.,							
Adapting language cho	ices to various contexts	according to social setting (e.g., playground versus classroom)	dialogue, etc.) according to purpose (e.g., persuading,	persuading, entertaining), task, and audience (e.g.,							
(based on task, purpose	e, audience, and text type).	with substantial support from peers or adults.	entertaining), social setting, and audience (e.g., peers versus	peer-to-peer versus peer-to-teacher) with light support from peers or adults.							
W.3.4-5; SL.3.1,6; L.3.1	.3,6		adults) with moderate support from peers or adults.	from peers or dudies.							
DIMENSION 2 ELD .	STANDARDS ALIGNMEI	VT (TLF 3a1 & 4)									
B. INTERPRETIVE		EMERGING	EXPANDING	BRIDGING							
6. Reading/viewing clo	• •	6. Describe ideas, phenomena (e.g., insect metamorphosis), and	6. Describe ideas, phenomena (e.g., how cows digest	6. Describe ideas, phenomena (e.g., volcanic eruptions),							
Reading closely literary and informational texts		text elements (e.g., main idea, characters, setting) based on	food), and text elements (e.g., main idea, characters,	and text elements (e.g., central message, character							
and viewing multimedic meaning is conveyed ex		understanding of a select set of grade-level texts and viewing of	events) in greater detail based on understanding of a	traits, major events) using key details based on							
	.1-7,9-10; RI.3.1-7,9-10;	multimedia with substantial support.	variety of grade-level texts and viewing of multimedia	understanding of a variety of grade-level texts and							
SL.3.2-3; L.3.3,4,6	.1 //3 10/ /// //3 10/										
			with moderate support.	viewing of multimedia with light support.							
C. PRODUCTIVE		EMERGING	with moderate support. EXPANDING	viewing of multimedia with light support. BRIDGING							
C. PRODUCTIVE 12. Selecting language	resources (TLF 3a4 &	EMERGING 12. Use a select number of general academic and domain-									
			EXPANDING	BRIDGING							
12. Selecting language 3c1): Selecting & apply		12. Use a select number of general academic and domain-	EXPANDING 12. Use a growing number of general academic and	BRIDGING 12. Use a wide variety of general academic and							
12. Selecting language 3c1): Selecting & apply	ing varied and precise ge structures to effectively	12. Use a select number of general academic and domain- specific words to add detail (e.g., adding the word dangerous	EXPANDING 12. Use a growing number of general academic and domain-specific words in order to add detail, create an	BRIDGING 12. Use a wide variety of general academic and domain-specific words, synonyms, antonyms, and non-							
12. Selecting language 3c1): Selecting & applyous vocabulary and language	ing varied and precise ge structures to effectively	12. Use a select number of general academic and domain- specific words to add detail (e.g., adding the word dangerous to describe a place, using the word habitat when describing	EXPANDING 12. Use a growing number of general academic and domain-specific words in order to add detail, create an effect (e.g., using the word suddenly to signal a change),	BRIDGING 12. Use a wide variety of general academic and domain-specific words, synonyms, antonyms, and non-literal language to create an effect, precision, and							
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